3 (Sem-1/CBCS) 200 HC 2

2022

ZOOLOGY

(Honours)

Paper: ZOO-HC-1026

(Principles of Ecology)

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

| 1. | Choose | the | correct | answer | • | (any | seven) |
|----|--------|-----|---------|--------|---|------|--------|
| | | | | | | | 1×7=7 |

- (a) An 'ecotone' is _____
 - (i) transition area
 - (ii) site of interaction of two different biological communities
 - (iii) shared boundary of two or more ecosystems
 - (iv) All of the above

- (b) A set of ecosystems is referred to as
 - (i) biome
 - (ii) hydrosphere
 - (iii) community
 - (iv) cline
- (c) Which of the following is NOT a feature of r-selected species?
 - (i) Quick reproduction
 - (ii) Low survival rate of progenies
 - (iii) Large litter size
 - (iv) Paternal care
- (d) The final stable community in ecological succession is
 - (i) climax
 - (ii) sere
 - (iii) pioneers
 - (iv) carnivores
- (e) Which of the following is NOT a gaseous biogeochemical cycle in ecosystems?
 - (i) Carbon
 - (ii) Nitrogen
 - (iii) Sulphur
 - (iv) Phosphorous

- (f) The pyramid of biomass is inverted in
 - (i) forest ecosystem
 - (ii) grassland ecosystem
 - (iii) tundra
 - (iv) freshwater ecosystem
- (g) The concept of ecological pyramid was first proposed by
 - (i) Odum
 - (ii) Charles Elton
 - (iii) A. G. Tansley
 - (iv) Ernst Haeckel
- (h) _____ is the ratio of energy flow at different points of a food chain.
 - (i) Carrying capacity
 - (ii) Ecological efficiency
 - (iii) Birth rate
 - (iv) Food web
- (i) Energy flow in an ecosystem is
 - (i) always bidirectional
 - (ii) never unidirectional
 - (iii) non-directional
 - (iv) always unidirectional

- (i) Identify the correct statement.
 - (i) Every component of food chain forms trophic level.
 - (ii) Food web is an interrelation between different food chains.
 - (iii) Food chains are used to understand energy flow.
 - (iv) All of the above
- (k) Which of the following defines the study of the characteristics and parameters of a population?
 - (i) Demography
 - (ii) Mortality
 - (iii) Natality
 - (iv) Population density
- (l) Which of the following structures is observed in a diminishing population?
 - (i) Upright
 - (ii) Histogram
 - (iii) Bell-shaped
 - (iv) Urn-shapped

- 2. Write briefly on : (any four)
- $2 \times 4 = 8$

- (a) r-selection
- (b) Natality
- (c) Synecology
- (d) Limiting factors
- (e) Ecological efficiency
- (f) Gause's competitive exclusion
- (g) Species dominance
- (h) Edge effect
- 3. Write short notes on: (any three)

5×3=15

- (a) Climax community
- (b) Energy flow in ecosystem
- (c) Life tables and survivorship curves
- (d) Food web
- (e) Nitrogen cycle
- (f) In-situ wildlife conservation

- (g) Exponential population growth
- (h) Carrying capacity
- 4. Answer elaborately: (any three)

10×3=30

- (a) What do you understand by population density? Explain with an example. Add a note on fecundity tables highlighting the importance in population ecology.
- (b) Discuss with examples the characteristics of a community.
- (c) Compare and contrast between grazing and detritus food chains. Discuss with an example on Y-shaped food chain.
- (d) Discuss the Lotka-Volterra equation for competition and predation. Highlight the characteristics of K-selection strategy.
- (e) Describe the concept of ecological succession with a suitable example.
- (f) What is ex-situ conservation? Write briefly the management practices for wildlife conservation.

- (g) Discuss the density-independent factors of population regulation.
- (h) What do you understand by a limiting factor? Explain the laws of limiting factors. Add a note on Shelford's law of tolerance citing suitable examples.