## 3 (Sem-3/CBCS) ZOO HC 3

## 2022 ZOOLOGY

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Paper: ZOO-HC-3036

## (Fundamentals of Biochemistry)

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- Answer the following questions: (any seven)
   1×7=7

   (a) \_\_\_\_\_ types of bonds are present in oligosaccharides and polysaccharides.
   (Fill in the blank)
  - (b) What is saponification number?
- (c) Tertiary structure of proteins is stabilized by \_\_\_\_\_ bonds.

  (Fill in the blank)

- (d) \_\_\_\_\_ protein help in blood clotting.

  (Fill in the blank)
- (e) Who coined the term enzyme for the first time?
- (f) Which enzyme convert glucose to ethyl alcohol?
- (g) \_\_\_\_\_ immunoglobulin can pass through the placenta.(Fill in the blank)
- (h) Disulphide bonds are formed between
  - (i) Cysteine residues that are close together
- (ii) Cystine residues that are close together
  - (iii) Proline residues that are close together
- together we beautiful are close

(Choose the correct option)

- (i) What are prions?
- (j) Name two essential amino acids.
- (k) Name one glycogenic and one ketogenic amino acid.
- (l) What are waxes?
- 2. Answer the following questions: (any four)

  2×4=8
  - (a) What is meant by amphipathic nature of phospholipids?
  - (b) "Proteins are biological polymers."

    Explain.
  - (c) Mention the significance of Chargaff's rule.
  - (d) Explain cooperativity in allosteric enzymes.
  - (e) Write the difference between holoenzyme and isoenzymes.

- (f) State the function of phospholipid.
- (g) What is protein denaturation?
- (h) Briefly state the structure of immunoglobulin molecule.
- 3. Answer the following questions: (any three) 5×3=15
  - (a) How does an enzyme work? Mention the characteristics of allosteric enzymes with proper illustrations.
  - (b) Explain the different types of enzyme regulation with proper examples.
  - (c) What is Cot curve? Mention the significance of Cot curve. 2+3=5
  - (d) What is non coding RNA? Mention the significance with few examples.

- (e) What are steroids? Describe the major steroids of biological significance.
- (f) State the biological function of ammunoglobulin types.
- (g) Why is sucrose a non-reducing sugar?

  Explain the composition of glycogen.
- (h) What is Ramachandran plot? Briefly describe its importance with proper illustrations.
- 4. Answer the following questions: (any three)

  10×3=30
  - (a) Discuss the structure and the biological significance of disaccharide. Define polysaccharide and describe the structure of *three* biologically important homopolysaccharide. 5+5=10

- b) Classify lipids with examples. Describe various types of saturated and unsaturated fatty acids. 7+3=10
- (c) Classify proteins on the basis of chemical composition, shape and solubility. Give examples of each classes.
- (d) Describe the structure and function of different types of RNA.
- (e) What is enzyme inhibition? Explain different types of enzyme inhibition.
- (f) Discuss enzyme classification with examples.
- (g) What are terpenes? Discuss the biological importance of different types of terpenes with proper examples.

2+8=10

Define glycoconjugates. What are its classes and mention characteristics of each class with examples? 2+8=10

(h)

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