3 (Sem-4/CBCS) GGY HC 3

2023

GEOGRAPHY

(Honours Core)

Paper: GGY-HC-4036

(Remote Sensing, GIS and GPS)

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Answer the following questions: $1 \times 7 = 7$
 - (a) What is meant by resolution of a sensor?
 - (b) Give the full form of ISRO.
 - (c) What is pixel?
 - (d) Name the radiation with longest wavelength in electromagnetic spectrum.

- (e) Name one Indian remote sensing satellite.
- (f) How many satellites are used in GPS?
- (g) Give an example of remote sensing platform.
- 2. Answer the following questions: 2×4=8
 - (a) What is georeferencing?
 - (b) What is photogrammetry?
 - (c) Give a reasonable definition of GIS.
 - (d) What is Landsat? Give one example.
- 3. Answer **any three** questions from the following: 5×3=15
 - (a) Explain the principle of aerial remote sensing.
 - (b) What is buffer? Why is buffer important for data interpretation in GIS?
 - (c) Analyse the technique of data layer extraction.

- (d) Distinguish between supervised and unsupervised data classification techniques.
- (e) Explain the structure and characteristics of vector data.
- 4. Answer **any three** questions from the following: 10×3=30
 - (a) Discuss the development trend of satellite remote sensing in India.
 - (b) Explain with examples the procedure and technique used in overlay analysis.
 - (c) Present the history of development of GIS with examples.
 - (d) Describe the characteristics of spatial and non-spatial data types and state how these are dealt with in Database Management System. 6+4=10
 - (e) State how land resources are analysed using remote sensing.
 - (f) Explain the procedure and technique of GPS survey with examples.