3 (Sem-6/CBCS) GLG HC 2

2023

GEOLOGY

(Honours Core)

Paper: GLG-HC-6026

(Remote Sensing and GIS)

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- Answer the following questions: $1 \times 7 = 7$
 - (a) The point on the ground vertically beneath the perspective centre of the camera is known as
 - (i) principle point
 - (ii) perspective centre
 - (iii) nadir point
 - (iv) isocentre

1.

- (b) Which one has the shortest wavelength?
 - (i) X-ray
 - (ii) Ultraviolet rays
 - (iii) Visible ray
 - (iv) Gamma ray
- (c) A range of electromagentic wavelengths where radiation can pass through the earth's atmosphere with relatively little attenuation is
 - (i) atmospheric shimmer
 - (ii) atmospheric window
 - (iii) atmospheric reflection
 - (iv) contrast stretching
- (d) Main components of GPS
 - (i) space segment
 - (ii) control segment
 - (iii) user segment
 - (iv) All of the above

- (e) In this case of uniform distribution stretch
 - (i) equal number of pixels are assigned for each DN value
 - (ii) unequal number of pixels are assigned for each DN value
 - (iii) larger number of pixels are assigned for each DN value
 - (iv) None of the above
- (f) Unit of projected co-ordinate system is
 - (i) meter
 - (ii) degree
 - (iii) Both degree and meter
 - (iv) None of the above
- (g) A Geographic Co-ordinate System includes
 - (i) an angular unit of measure
 - (ii) a prime meridian
 - (iii) a datum
 - (iv) All of the above
- 2. Write in brief on the following: 2×4=8
 - (i) Nadir point
 - (ii) Electromagnetic spectrum
 - (iii) Georeferencing
 - (iv) Image enhancement

- 3. Write short notes on any three of the following: $5 \times 3 = 15$
 - (a) Spectral response curve
 - (b) Resolution and its types
 - (c) Discuss the reason for image rectification and the basic steps of image rectification
 - Geocentric and local datum (d)
 - Supervised image classification (e)
- 4. Answer the following questions: (any three) 10×3=30
 - Write explanatory notes on the (a) following: 5×2=10
 - (i) Remote sensing platforms and its types
 - (ii) Geostationary satellite
 - What is aerial photography? Write about the types and scale of aerial photograph. 2+4+4=10
 - Write a note on different elements of (c) photo interpretations.
 - What is GPS? How does a GPS work (d) discuss the basic principles? Write a detailed account on application of GPS in earth science. 2+4+4=10
 - Give a detailed account on image (e) processing methods.
 - (f) What do you mean by projected coordinate system? Discuss the types of projection with suitable diagram.