Total number of printed pages-4

3 (Sem-6/CBCS) GLG HE 2

2023

GEOLOGY

(Honours Elective)

Paper: GLG-HE-6026

(Introduction to Geophysics)

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Choose the correct option: $1 \times 7 = 7$
 - (a) Gal, the unit used in gravity measurement is equal to
 - (i) $1cm/s^2$
 - (ii) $1m/s^2$
 - (iii) $0.1cm/s^2$
 - (iv) $0.1m/s^2$

- (b) Magnetic permeability (μ) and susceptibility (k) are related as
 - (i) $k = 1 + 4\pi\mu$
 - (ii) $k = 1 4\pi\mu$
 - (iii) $\mu = 1 4\pi k$
 - (iv) $\mu = 1 + 4\pi k$
- (c) Which one of the following is not an electrical geophysical method?
 - (i) Resistivity
 - (ii) Self potential
 - (iii) Electromagnetic
 - (iv) Induced polarization
- (d) Seismic velocity (v) and formation density (ρ) are related as
 - (i) υ∞ρ
 - (ii) υ∞1/ρ
 - (iii) v∝√ρ
 - (iv) $v \propto 1/\sqrt{\rho}$
- (e) Latitude correction of magnetic data is maximum at latitude of
 - (i) 0°
 - (ii) 30°
 - (iii) 45°
 - (iv) 90°

- (f) Electromagnetic skin depth is $(\rho = \text{resistivity}, f = \text{frequency})$
 - (i) $500\sqrt{f/\rho}$
 - (ii) $500\sqrt{\rho/f}$
 - (iii) 500√*pf*
 - (iv) $500\sqrt{\rho}$
- (g) Hydrophone is used in
 - (i) Gravity survey
 - (ii) Magnetic survey
 - (iii) Seismic survey
 - (iv) Resistivity survey
- 2. Answer the following questions: 2×4=8
 - (a) Define reflection and transmission coefficients in seismic studies.
 - (b) What are reference spheroid and geoid?
 - (c) What do profiling and sounding mean?
 - (d) What are regional and residual anomalies?
- 3. Write short notes on the following:

 (any three) 5×3=15
 - (a) Gravity data corrections

- (b) Wenner and Schlumberger arrangements of resistivity method
- (c) Marine seismic survey
- (d) Active and passive geophysical methods
- (e) Airborne geophysical surveys
- 4. Answer **any three** of the following: 10×3=30
 - (a) Write about the role and importance of seismic method in oil and gas exploration.
 - (b) Discuss about the design and execution of geophysical survey with a suitable example.
 - (c) What physical parameters are investigated in gravity, magnetic, seismic and resistivity surveys? How do these physical parameters provide information about subsurface strata?
 - (d) Discuss the significance of geophysical surveys in mineral (ore) exploration.
 - (e) Describe different electrical geophysical methods.
 - (f) How does geophysical methods help resolve geological problems?

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